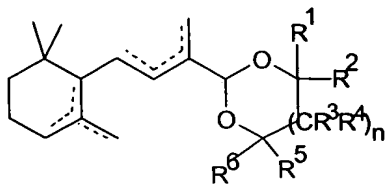Abstract:

An acetal of formula I:

I

is described in which

the radicals R^1 to R^6 independently of one another are each hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl or tert-butyl,

$n = 0$ or 1, and

there is a single bond or double bond at the location of a broken line between two C atoms,

any double bond present in the chain linking the aliphatic ring to the acetal group having the E or Z configuration,

with the proviso that

- the number of double bonds incorporating a C atom of the aliphatic ring is 0 or 1, and

- the number of double bonds not incorporating a C atom of the aliphatic ring is 0 or 1.